

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: SCHRADER - "MAXIGEL" TYRE MOUNTING GEL

Product code: 65226-67(EN).

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Inflating and sealing gel for mounting of earthmover tyres.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: Schrader S.A.S

Address: BP 29 - 48 rue de Salins 25301 Pontarlier Cedex France Telephone: +33 (0)3 81 38 56 56. Fax: +33 (0)3 81 46 41 42. Telex: .

Email: resale.info@schrader-pacific.fr

https://schrader-pacific.fr https://schrader-pacific.fr

European emergency phone number : 112 - http://www.eena.org

1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).

Serious eye damage, Category 1 (Eye Dam. 1, H318).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

### 2.2. Label elements

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:





GHS05 GHS07

Signal Word : DANGER

Product identifiers:

603-071-00-1 2,2'-IMINODIETHANOL

Additional labeling : Hazard statements :

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Precautionary statements - Storage :

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2. Mixtures

### Composition:

| Identification          | (EC) 1272/2008      | Note | %        |
|-------------------------|---------------------|------|----------|
| CAS: 102-71-6           | GHS07               | [1]  | x % < 25 |
| EC: 203-049-8           | Wng                 |      |          |
|                         | Eye Irrit. 2, H319  |      |          |
| TRIETHANOLAMINE         |                     |      |          |
| INDEX: 603-071-00-1     | GHS08, GHS05, GHS07 | [1]  | x % < 10 |
| CAS: 111-42-2           | Dgr                 |      |          |
| EC: 203-868-0           | Acute Tox. 4, H302  |      |          |
| REACH: 01-2119488930-28 | STOT RE 2, H373     |      |          |
|                         | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 |      |          |
| 2,2'-IMINODIETHANOL     | Eye Dam. 1, H318    |      |          |
|                         |                     |      |          |

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

## Information on ingredients:

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

## In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

## In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

### In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

## In the event of swallowing:

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

# Information for the doctor:

Symptomatic treatment.

# **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

# Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- foam
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

- powder

### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water iet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- hydrogen cyanide (HCN)

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

### For non first aid worker

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

### Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

# Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid eye contact with this mixture at all times.

# Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

# Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

# **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits:

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

| CAS      | TWA:          | STEL: | Ceiling : | Definition : | Criteria : |  |
|----------|---------------|-------|-----------|--------------|------------|--|
| 102-71-6 | 5 mg/m3       |       |           |              |            |  |
| 111-42-2 | 1 (IFV) mg/m3 |       |           | Skin; A3     |            |  |

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 08/08/2019) :

| CAS      | VME : | VME :                 | Excess | Notes |
|----------|-------|-----------------------|--------|-------|
| 102-71-6 |       | 1 mg/m³               |        | 1 (I) |
| 111-42-2 |       | 0.11 ppm              |        | 1 (I) |
|          |       | 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |        |       |

- Belgium (Arrêté du 09/03/2014, 2014) :

| CAS      | TWA:     | STEL: | Ceiling : | Definition : | Criteria : |  |
|----------|----------|-------|-----------|--------------|------------|--|
| 102-71-6 | 5 mg/m³  |       |           |              |            |  |
| 111-42-2 | 0.46 ppm |       |           | D            |            |  |
|          | 2 mg/m³  |       |           |              |            |  |

- France (INRS - ED984 / 2019-1487):

| CAS      | VME-ppm: | VME-mg/m3: | VLE-ppm : | VLE-mg/m3: | Notes : | TMP No :  |
|----------|----------|------------|-----------|------------|---------|-----------|
| 111-42-2 | 3        | 15         | -         | -          | -       | 49.49 Bis |

- Switzerland (SUVAPRO 2017):

| CAS      | VME       | VLE        | Valeur plafond | Notations |  |
|----------|-----------|------------|----------------|-----------|--|
| 102-71-6 | 5 i mg/m³ | 10 i mg/m³ |                | SSC       |  |
| 111-42-2 | 1 i mg/m³ | 1 i mg/m³  |                | R S SSC   |  |

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):









Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

# - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

# - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact. Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

### - Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

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## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### General information:

| Physical state :                                       | Fluid liquid. |
|--|---------------|
| Colour:  | Amber.        |
| Important health, safety and environmental information |               |

| pH:                     | Not relevant. |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Flash point interval :  | Not relevant. |
| Vapour pressure (50°C): | Not relevant. |
| Density:                | Not stated.   |
| Water solubility:       | Insoluble     |

# 9.2. Other information

| Dry extract: | 46 +/- 3 % |
|--------------|------------|

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- heat
- flames and hot surfaces
- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- frost
- sparks

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- strong oxidising agents
- strong reducing agents
- alkali metals
- halogen compounds
- hydrogen peroxide
- Ethanolamine

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- hydrogen cyanide (HCN)

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have irreversible effects on the eyes, such as tissue damage in the eye, or serious physical decay of sight, which is not fully reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Serious eye damage is typified by the destruction of cornea, persistent corneal opacity and iritis.

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

#### 11.1.1. Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

### 11.1.2. Mixture

### Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 111-42-2: IARC Group 2B: The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 102-71-6: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

WGK 1: Slightly hazardous for water.

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

## 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

# 14.4. Packing group

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## 14.5. Environmental hazards

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### 14.6. Special precautions for user

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### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2018/1480 (ATP 13)
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2019/521 (ATP 12)

#### - Container information:

No data available.

#### - Particular provisions :

No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

WGK 1: Slightly hazardous for water.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704) :

NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=3 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

|      | F  |
|------|--|
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed.  |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation.  |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage.   |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.                                     |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |

### Abbreviations :

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA : International Air Transport Association. ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

 ${\sf RID: Regulations\ concerning\ the\ International\ carriage\ of\ Dangerous\ goods\ by\ rail.}$ 

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS05 : Corrosion
GHS07 : Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.